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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: PF 12330 1K ACRYLIC CLEARCOAT

FORM

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier	Wyatt Machine Tools (Rupes) NZ Limited 388 Church Street, Penrose Auckland, New Zealand PH: (09) 525 1000 FAX: (09) 525 1009
Product identifier	PF 12330 1K ACRYLIC CLEARCOAT
Recommended use and restrictions on	Paints.
USE Chamical family	Mixture.
Chemical family	
NFPA rating HMIS	Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0. H: 2 F: 4 R: 0.
24 hour emergency number:	NZ Emergency 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1).

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word Hazard Classification	Flammable Aerosols — Category 1. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Skin Irritation — Category 2. Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2.
Hazard Description	Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure — Category 2. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn
Prevention	child. H373 May cause damage to liver and blood through prolonged or repeated contact. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other
	ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P260 Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	 P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 on this SDS.
Storage	P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
Disposal Note	

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	15-40	
Acetone	67-64-1	10-30	
Propane	74-98-6	10-30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	7-13	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	7-13	
Toluene	108-88-3	3-7	

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SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTSEthyl 3-Ethoxypropionate763-69-93-7Ethanol64-17-51-5Methanol67-56-10.1-1

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses, if safe and easy to do so. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Immediately remove all contaminated clothing; flush skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	In the event of accidental ingestion, rinse mouth with water; obtain medical advice immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed Additional information	mouth to an unconscious person. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes skin and eye irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet. Acute exposure to methanol, either through ingestion or breathing high airborne concentrations can result in symptoms appearing between 40 minutes and 72 hours after exposure. Symptoms and signs are usually limited to CNS, eyes and gastrointestinal tract. Because of the initial CNS effects of headache, vertigo, lethargy and confusion, there may be an impression of ethanol intoxication. Blurred vision, decreased acuity and photophobia are common complaints. Treatment with ipecac or lavage is indicated in any patient presenting within two hours of ingestion. A profound metabolic acidosis occurs in severe poisoning and serum bicarbonate levels are a more accurate measure of severity than serum methanol levels. Treatment protocols are available from most major hospitals and early collaboration with appropriate hospital is recommended. In cases of methanol poisoning, medical care must emphasize the control of acidosis. The use of intravenous bicarbonate has been lifesaving. Evidence shows that the treatment of methanol absorption is enhanced through the administration of ethanol, which should be given to produce a blood level of at least 0.1%. Ethanol diminishes the production of the toxic metabolites of methanol. A blood methanol level of 50 mg/100ml is an indication for hemodialysis, which has improved the prognosis of methanol intoxification. If more than 2.0 Ml/kg has been
	ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke. Carbon monoxide where combustion is incomplete.
Special protective equipment andprecautions for fire-fighters	Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.
Unusual fire / explosion hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. Vapours may be heavier than air. May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back to vapour source.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak/spill..... No action s

. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Avoid all personal contact. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Pick up and place in a tightly-sealed container duly identified. Use an appropriate technique to prevent any environmental contaminations. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.



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SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Keep container closed when not in use.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

		CGIH TLV		HA PEL	NIOSH
INGREDIENTS	TWA	STEL	PEL	STEL	REL
Methyl Acetate	200 ppm	250 ppm	200 ppm	250 ppm in some States	200 ppm
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200 ppm	300 ppm	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm TWA
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Ethanol	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	Not established	1000 ppm
Methanol	200 ppm	250 ppm skin	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm / STEL 250 ppm
Personal Protective Equipment Respiratory/type Eye/type Gloves/ type Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type Appropriate engineering controls		Local exhaust ventilation when contaminant levels Chemical safety goggles exists. Chemical resistant glove Wear adequate protectiv exposure. Safety boots per local res Eye wash facility and em Provide natural or mech exposure limits. Local me contamination, such as o gases and fumes that ma ventilation (ie. ACGIH ind adequate ventilation.	exceed the recommon . Chemical safety good s. e clothes. Wear long gulations. ergency shower show anical ventilation to c echanical exhaust ve open process equipm ay be emitted. Standa	ended exposure limits. ggles and full faceshield i sleeves and trousers to p uld be in close proximity. ontrol exposure levels be ntilation should be used a ent, or during purging op ard reference sources rec	f a splash hazard prevent dermal elow airborne at sources of air erations, to capture garding industrial

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state Colour Odour threshold (ppm) Vapour density (air=1) Vapour pressure (psig) pH Relative Density (Specific Gravity) Melting / Freezing point (deg C) Solubility Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C). Evaporation rate Flash point (deg C), method Auto ignition temperature (deg C) Upper flammable limit (% vol)	Aerosol. Clear. Solvent odour. Not available. >1. 80-110 psig @ 21°C. Not applicable. 0.886. (Liquid) . 0.815. (Aerosol) . Not available. Slightly soluble in water. 55.8-58.2°C. (Liquid). > 1.0. -18°C. (estimate for liquid). >370. (liquid). 9.5. (Propane).
Upper flammable limit (% vol) Lower flammable limit (% vol)	

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SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Not expected to be sensitive to mechanical impact. Expected to be sensitive to static discharge when vapours in air are between the lower and upper explosive limits. Avoid electrostatic discharge.
Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid, including static discharge, shock or vibration	
Hazardous decomposition products	See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50
Methyl Acetate		>49 mg/L (4 hr) rat	6482 mg/kg (oral rat); >2,000 mg/kg (dermal rat)
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours rat inhalation	5,800 mg/kg rat oral
Propane		>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available
Isobutane		52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
Methyl Ethyl Ketone		>5,000 ppm (6 hours, rat) 11000 ppm (45 minutes, mouse)	3,400 mg/kg (rat, oral) >8000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal) 670 mg/kg (mouse, oral)
Toluene		8000 ppm rat inhalation 400 ppm mouse inhalation 24hr	5,000 mg/kg rat oral; 12,124 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate		>998 ppm 6 hours	4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Ethanol		20000 ppm/ 10 hour rat	10,600 mg/kg rat oral
Methanol		128.2 mg/L, 4h rat	420 mg/kg oral, 5,628 mg/kg rat oral, 15,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Route of exposure Effects of acute exposure			
Effects of chronic exposure	 Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapours have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and breathing difficulties. None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen. Acetone may contain 		
Carcinogenicity of material			
Reproductive effects	exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. Toluene is known by the State of California to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. In one study, Methyl Ethyl Ketone has been found to cause embryol toxicity in large concentrations.		
Specific Target Organ Toxicity			



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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental..... Persistence and degradability..... Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal . and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or expose to heat, even when empty.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
IATA Classification (Air)	UN 1950 - AEROSOLS, hammable - Class 2.1 - Liu Qiy (1 Liter/0.20 Galions).
	without checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1950 - AERŎSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG
	regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant	No.
Proof of Classification	
	2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III	On Domestic Substances List (DSL). All components are listed. This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Section 302 - extremely hazardous substances	None.
Section 311/312 - hazard categories Section 313	
EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63	Methanol. Methyl Ethyl Ketone. Toluene.
California Proposition 65	*** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methanol). (Toluene). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
(NZ) Statement	This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017.
(NZ) HSNO Classifications (NZ) HSNO Group Standard	2.1.2A. 6.3A. 6.4A. 6.8B. 6.9A.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Telephone number:	REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Trivalent Data Systems Ltd. www.trivalent.com. (800) 387-7981.
Disclaimer:	DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from
	experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed
	to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or
	sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only
	ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the
	consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance
	with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.
Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet	2019-11-12

