

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand, Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017.

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M Polyurethane General Purpose Seam Sealer, BlacK 3M 08694,08789 and 08793

Product Identification Numbers FI-3000-0103-4 FI-3000-0117-4

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Automotive. Black polyurethane Seam sealer in cartridges and pouches for automotive aftermarket industry

For Industrial or Professional use only

1.3. Supplier's details

Address:	3M New Zealand Ltd, 94 Apollo Drive, Rosedale 0632, Auckland
Telephone:	(09) 477 4040
E Mail:	innovation@nz.mmm.com
Website:	3m.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hr Medical Emergency, National Poisons Centre, 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified as hazardous in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996, the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 and Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017. Refer to Section 14 of this Safety Data Sheet for product Dangerous Goods Classification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS	HSNO
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 3	6.3B Irritating to the skin
Respiratory Sensitiser: Category 1	6.5A Respiratory sensitiser
Skin Sensitiser: Category 1	6.5B Skin sensitiser
Carcinogenicity: Category 2	6.7B Suspected human carcinogen

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure):	6.9A Toxic to human target organs/systems
Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure):	6.9A Toxic to human target organs/systems
Category 1	
Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3	9.1D Aquatic toxicity (acute)
No GHS Equivalent	9.3C Terrestrial vertebrate toxicity

2.2. Label elements SIGNAL WORD DANGER!

Symbols: Health Hazard |

Pictograms



Causes mild skin irritation.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Causes damage to organs: sensory organs
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: sensory organs
Harmful to aquatic life.
Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

D /*	
Prevention	٠
1 I CYCHUOH	٠

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P284A	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P280E	Wear protective gloves.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P264B	Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P272A	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response:	
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathin

P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321	Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P308 + P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Storage:	
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

Persons previously sensitised to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitisation reaction to other isocyanates.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	% by Weight
Polyurethane Prepolymer	68130-40-5	30 - 60
Polyvinyl chloride.	9002-86-2	20 - 40
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	91082-17-6	20 - 40
Xylene	1330-20-7	3 - 7
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	1 - 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 - 5
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	1 - 5
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	1 - 5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required Net amplicable

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	<u>Condition</u>
Carbon monoxide.	During combustion.
Carbon dioxide.	During combustion.
Irritant vapours or gases.	During combustion.

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

5.4. Hazchem code: Not applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities, but do not seal the container for 48 hours to avoid pressure build-up. Clean up residue. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Refer to Section 15 - Controls for more information

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial/occupational use only. Not for consumer sale or use. Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Keep away from reactive metals (eg. Aluminum, zinc etc.) to avoid the formation of hydrogen gas that could create an explosion hazard. Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidising

agents. Store away from amines.

7.3. Certified handler

Not required

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):434 mg/m3(100 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):543 mg/m3(125 ppm)	-
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	ACGIH	TWA:2 mg/m3	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours): 2 mg/m3	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	A4: Not class. as human carcinogin
Xylene	1330-20-7	New Zealand WES	TWA(8 hours):217 mg/m3(50 ppm)	C
Jet fuels (non-aerosol), as total hydrocarbon vapour	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
Kerosine (petroleum)	64742-47-8	ACGIH	TWA(as total hydrocarbon vapor, non-aerosol):200 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin., SKIN
Dust, inert or nuisance	9002-86-2	New Zealand WES	TWA(as respirable dust)(8 hours):3 mg/m3;TWA(as inhalable dust)(8 hours):10 mg/m3	
Polyvinyl chloride.	9002-86-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcinogin
ACCILL: American Conference of Covern	montal Industrial	Urraionista		

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

New Zealand WES : New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards.

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

ppm: parts per million mg/m³: milligrams per cubic metre

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Safety glasses with side shields.

Refer AS/NZS 1336 - Recommended practices for occupational eye protection and for performance specifications AS/NZS 1337, Parts 1 - 6 - Personal eye-protection.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber.

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Butyl rubber Apron – Nitrile

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Refer AS/NZS 1715 - Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment and AS/NZS 1716 - Respiratory protective devices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid.
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Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Colour	Black
Odour	Light Solvent
Odour threshold	No data available.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/Freezing point	No data available.
Boiling point/Initial boiling point/Boiling range	137 °C
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified
Flammable Limits(LEL)	No data available.
Flammable Limits(UEL)	No data available.
Vapour pressure	No data available.
Vapor Density and/or Relative Vapor Density	4 [<i>Ref Std</i> :AIR=1]
Density	1.17 g/ml [@ 20 °C]
Relative density	1.17 [<i>Ref Std</i> :WATER=1]
Water solubility	Nil
Solubility- non-water	No data available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available.
Autoignition temperature	>= 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available.
Viscosity/Kinematic Viscosity	No data available.
Volatile organic compounds (VOC)	
Percent volatile	
VOC less H2O & exempt solvents	

Nanoparticles

This material contains nanoparticles.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat. Sparks and/or flames. High shear and high temperature conditions

10.5 Incompatible materials

Amines. Alcohols. Water Reaction with water, alcohols, and amines is not hazardous if container can vent to the atmosphere to prevent pressure buildup. Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidising agents. Finely divided active metals Combustibles. Accelerators

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance None known. **Condition**

Refer to Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Allergic respiratory reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic skin reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation. Vapours released during curing may cause eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Neurological effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Additional information:

Persons previously sensitised to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitisation reaction to other isocyanates.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Polyurethane Prepolymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyurethane Prepolymer	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Polyvinyl chloride.	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Polyvinyl chloride.	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,055 mg/kg
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,825 mg/kg
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg

Xylene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
Calcium Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation- Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Iron Oxide	Dermal	Not available	LD50 3,100 mg/kg
Iron Oxide	Ingestion	Not available	LD50 3,700 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Polyvinyl chloride.	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Human	No significant irritation
	and	
	animal	
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Calcium Oxide	Human	Corrosive
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Iron Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Overall product	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Calcium Oxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Iron Oxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Sensitisation:

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene	Human	Not classified
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Iron Oxide	Human	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value		
Polyvinyl chloride.	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
Calcium Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Iron Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Polyvinyl chloride.	Not	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	specified.		sufficient for classification
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple	Carcinogenic.
		animal	
		species	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Iron Oxide	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Polyvinyl chloride.	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 530 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21-Alkane, Ph Esters	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 530 mg/kg/day	1 generation
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for female reproduction	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesis
Xylene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	premating & during gestation

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Not classified for effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Route Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
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Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Calcium Oxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Not available	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Polyvinyl chloride.	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.013 mg/l	22 months
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21- Alkane, Ph Esters	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,490 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system gastrointestinal tract hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL	90 days

		bladder			1,500 mg/kg/day	
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Not classified	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	gastrointestinal tract	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart immune system respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
Iron Oxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis pneumoconiosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Xylene	Aspiration hazard
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. Additional information leading to material classification in Section 2 is available upon request. In addition, environmental fate and effects data on ingredients may not be reflected in this section because an ingredient is present below the threshold for labelling, an ingredient is not expected to be available for exposure, or the data is considered not relevant to the material as a whole.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxic to the aquatic environment.

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Category 3 (HSNO 9.1D Aquatic toxicity)

Ecotoxic to terrestrial vertebrates

9.3C Terrestrial vertebrate toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Number	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Polyurethane	68130-40-5		Data not			
Prepolymer			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Polyvinyl	9002-86-2		Data not			
chloride.			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Sulfonic Acids,	91082-17-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
C10-21-						
Alkane, Ph						
Esters	01002 17 (Weter Class	F	40.1	EC50	> 100
Sulfonic Acids,	91082-17-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
C10-21-						
Alkane, Ph Esters						
Sulfonic Acids,	91082-17.6	Zebra Fish	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
C10-21-	91002-17-0		Experimental	50 Hours		~ 100 IIIg/1
Alkane, Ph						
Esters						
	91082-17-6	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	>100 mg/l
C10-21-	51002 17 0	Green uigue	Experimental	72 110415	NOLC	r 100 mg/1
Alkane, Ph						
Esters						
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	4.36 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	24 hours	IC50	1 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	NOEC	0.44 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Rainbow trout	Experimental	56 days	NOEC	>1.3 mg/l
Xylene	1330-20-7	Water flea	Estimated	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	Common Carp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	1,070 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Mysid Shrimp	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.6 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.2 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Green Algae	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	3.6 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	1.8 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Atlantic Silverside	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5.1 mg/l
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Water flea	Experimental	7 days	NOEC	0.96 mg/l
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Light						6
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level	2 mg/l
Light					50%	
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level	1.4 mg/l
Light					50%	
Petroleum						
Distillates						0.40
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect	0.48 mg/l

Light					Level	
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Hydrotreated	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect	1 mg/l
Light					Level	
Petroleum						
Distillates						
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>50,000 mg/l
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>50,000 mg/l
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect	>50,000 mg/l
		_			Concentraion	_
					0%	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Polyurethane Prepolymer	68130-40-5	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Polyvinyl chloride.	9002-86-2	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21- Alkane, Ph Esters	91082-17-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	49 % weight	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	1.4 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	90-98 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	4.26 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	70-80 % weight	Other methods
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Number	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Polyurethane	68130-40-5	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Prepolymer		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Polyvinyl	9002-86-2	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

chloride.		available or insufficient for classification				
Sulfonic Acids, C10-21- Alkane, Ph Esters	91082-17-6	Experimental BCF-Carp	36 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	56-212	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Experimental BCF - Rainbow Tr	56 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	25.9	Other methods
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Experimental BCF - Other	42 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	1	Other methods
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

In accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

Packaging (that may or may not contain any residual substance) may be lawfully disposed of by householders or other consumers through public or commercial waste collection services.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods - Road/Rail Transport UN No.: Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable. Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

Hazchem Code: Not applicable. IERG: Not applicable.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) - Air Transport

UN No.: Not applicable. Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable. Class/Division: Not applicable. Sub Risk: Not applicable. Packing Group: Not applicable.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Marine Transport

UN No.: Not applicable.
Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable.
Class/Division: Not applicable.
Sub Risk: Not applicable.
Packing Group: Not applicable.
Marine Pollutant: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

HSNO Approval number	HSR002679
Group standard name	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2017
HSNO Hazard classification	Refer to Section 2: Hazard identification

NZ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Status

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are in compliance with NZIoC listing requirements.

Controls in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017				
Certified handler	Not required			
Location Compliance Certificate	Not required			
Hazardous atmosphere zone	Not required			
Fire extinguishers	Not required			
Emergency response plan	1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance);			
	or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for all other substances)			
Secondary containment	1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D, 6.5A, 6.5B, 9.1B or 9.1C substance);			
	or 10,000 L or 10,000 kg (for all other substances)			
Tracking	Not required			
Warning signage	1,000 L or 1,000 kg (for a HSNO 8.3A, 9.1B or 9.1C substance); or 10,000 L			
	or 10,000 kg (for a HSNO 6.1D or 9.1D substance)			

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision information:

Complete document review.

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Key to abbreviations and acronyms

GHS means the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 5th revised edition 2013 **HSNO** means Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

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